Effect of two Asteraceae species on plant pathogenic fungi

Slavtcho Slavov^{1*}, Milena Nikolova²

¹AgroBioInstitute, Agricultural Academy, 8 Dragan Tsankov bl., 1164 Sofia, Bulgaria
²Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Research, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, 23 Acad. G. Bonchev str., 1113 Sofia,
Bulgaria

*Corresponding author: sbslavov@abi.bg

Plant extracts, essential oils, and other compounds with plant origin are proved to exhibit biological activity against plant fungal pathogens in vitro and in vivo and recently are more extensively surveyed as potential fungicides. Members of Asteraceae family are among the most promising plant species in this respect.

Here we report the effect of two Asteraceae plant species – one poorly distributed (Centaurea finazzeri) and one widespread (Artemisia absinthium) on three economically significant fungal plant pathogens, possessing wide host range - Alternaria alternata, Fusarium oxysporum and Botrytis cinerea.



Control with DMSO Centaurea finazzerri Artemisia absinthium



Alternaria alternata

Botrytis cinerea

The effect of plant extracts of both studied plant species was evaluated in vitro based on their influence on the mycelium growth of the pointed three phytopathogenic fungal species.

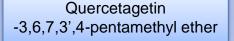
Fusarium oxysporum

Inhibition of extracts of Centaurea finazzeri and Artemisia absinthium on Alternaria alternata and Fusarium oxysporum was established.

No inhibition effect found on Botrytis cinerea.

Extracts of the studied species were analyzed for the content of bioactive compounds by GC/MS and TLC. Phenolic, organic and fatty acids, polyols, terpenes and flavonoids were detected.

Main bio-active compounds of *Artemisia absinthium* and *Centaurea finazzeri* extracts identified by GC/MS analysis



ОСНВ

OCHg

Main flavonoid aglycones of A. absinthiun and C. finazzeri

Quercetagetin 6-methyl ether

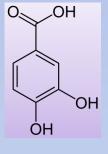
Chlorogenic acid was identified in the extracts of the both species



Bioactive compounds identified in *C. finazzeri* extract

Myo-inositol

The most significant acticity was observed for *C. finazzeri* extract against *Alternaria alternata*



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Protocatechuic acid

Quinic acid

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