

## ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY OF AQUEOUS EXTRACTS OF THE BULGARIAN ENDEMIC PLANT ACHILLEA THRACICA VELLEN



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Achillea thracica Velen. (Asteraceae) is a perennial Bulgarian endemic plant with medicinal properties. The species was found only near Manole village, Plovdiv, Bulgaria, and the number and size of populations appeared to be reduced mainly by human activities. Ex situ conservation of the Thracian yarrow was done by applying the micropropagation method.

## Aim:

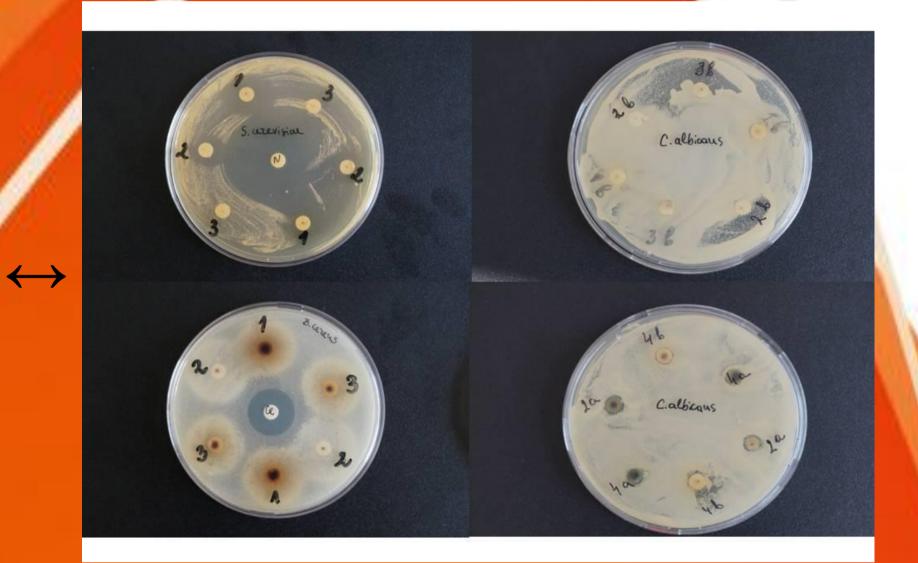
The aim of the present study was to investigate the antimicrobial activities of the extracts obtained from *in situ* grown, in vitro propagated and ex vitro adapted plants. *A. thracica* samples were prepared by thermostat extraction method using water as solvent.

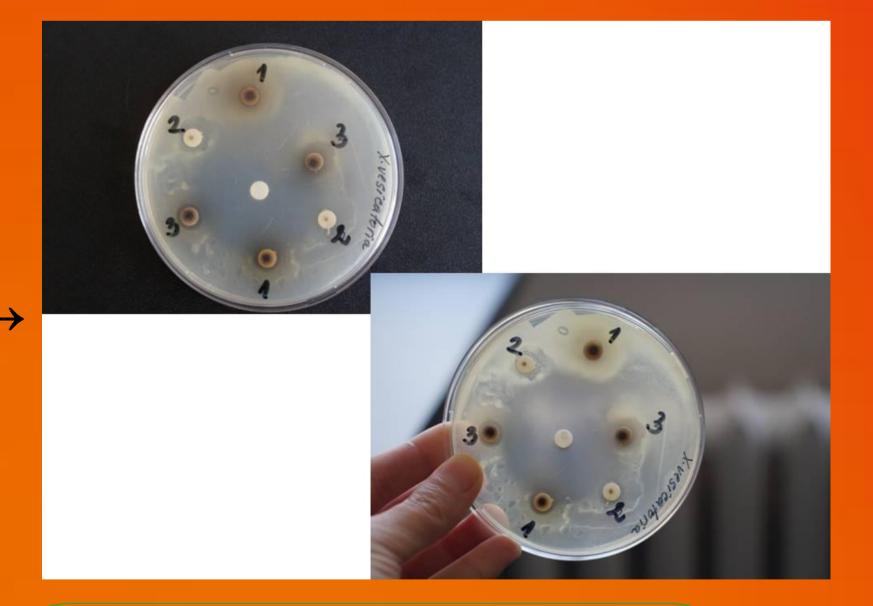
Table 1. Antimicrobial activity of aqueous extracts of *A. thracica* plants against Gram positive bacteria and yeasts

Type of	rpe of Gram positive bacteria(inhibition zone, mm)								Yeast	
extracts								species(inhibition		
from								zone, mm)		
Ach.	Bacillus	Bacillus	Bacillus	Staphylo	Staphylo	Enteroco	Microco	Sacchar	Candida	
thracica	subtilis	cereus	pumilus	coccus	coccus	ccus	ccus	omycesc	albicans	
plants				epidermi	aureus	faecalis	luteus	erevisiae		
				dis 1093						
				-		10		1777		
Sox W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	7	
in vivo										
Sox W	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	16	0	
in vitro										
Sox W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ex vitro	U	U	U	U	V	U	U	U	U	
ex viii o										

Table 2. Antimicrobial activity of aqueous extracts of *A. thracica* plants against Gram negative bacteria and phytophatogen bacterial strain

		-			
Type of extracts from <i>Ach</i> . <i>thracica</i> plants	Gram	Phytophatogen bacterial strain(inhibition zone, mm)			
	Escherichia coli 3702	Escherichia coli 3397	Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Pseudomonas fluorescence	Xanthomonas euvesicatoria 105 d
Sox W in vivo	0	0	0	0	9
Sox W in vitro	0	0	0	0	10
Sox W ex vitro	0	0	0	0	10





## Results:

The antimicrobial activities of the aqueous extracts were determined by disk-diffusion method against seven Gram-positive bacteria (*B. subtilis, B. cereus, B. pumilus, St. epidermidis* 1093, St. aureus, E. faecalis, M. luteus), five Gram-negative bacteria (*E. coli 3702, E. coli 3397, P. aeruginose, P. fluorescence, X. euvesicatoria*) and two yeast strains (*C. albicans, S. cerevisiae*).

## **Discussion:**

This study revealed the presence of different antimicrobial activity of the samples. Our data reviewed that bacterial species were more insensitive than tested yeast strains towards the aqueous extracts of A. thracica Velen.