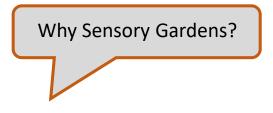


## STUDY ON THE SELECTION OF PLANTS FOR SENSORY GARDENS





- Globally, at least 2.2 billion people have a vision impairment or blindness.
- Population growth and ageing, along with behavioral and lifestyle changes, and urbanization, will dramatically increase the number of people with eye conditions, vision impairment and blindness in the coming decades.
- Tasks: Reorienting the model of care/ Creating an enabling environment. (WHO, 2019)

#### Sensory gardens:

**inclusive** and **modern** approach towards the blind and visually impaired.

Asen Stoyanov <sup>(1)</sup>, Krasimir Kosev <sup>(2)</sup>, Anely Nedelcheva <sup>(1)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup>Faculty of Chemistry and Pharmacy, Sofia University 'St. Kliment Ohridski' <sup>(2)</sup>University Botanic Gardens, Sofia University 'St. Kliment Ohridski'



### Study area



БАЛКАНСКИ ЕКОЛОГИЧЕН ЦЕНТЪР



• Fig. 1 University Botanic Garden, Sofia



Faculty of Educational Studies and the Arts, SU



• Fig. 2 University Botanic Garden, Balchik: Sensory Garden 1/3

# Results

## Сакуорнуцасеае Карамфилови Dianthus plumarius L. Федер – карамфил Европа. Азия

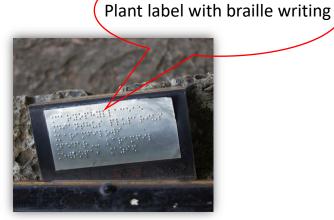
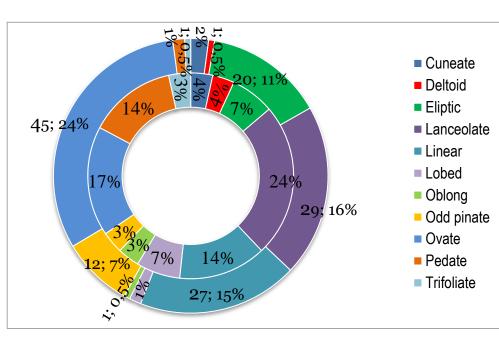


Fig. 3 Sensory Garden (Balchik): plant labels



mg

### Fig. 5 University Botanic Garden (Sofia) – guided tour



Fig. 6 Tactile Stimulation: Piper nigrum L.

Fig. 4 Tactile Leaf Groups



- ✓ Accessibility services and the guide meeting individual needs.
  - ✓ Braille labels questionable usefulness.
  - $\checkmark$  Sectioning through the use of appropriate railing.
  - ✓ Species diversity main source of provided affordances.
  - ✓ 3D models and tactile maps.
  - ✓ Modern methods for providing information.

\_ 3/3

БАЛКАНСКИ ЕКОЛОГИЧЕН ЦЕНТЪР