## Bioactive compounds from medicinal plant extracts with antifungal and antibacterial activity

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Infectious diseases and antimicrobial resistance are problems that require continuous search for new sources of bioactive substances. Terpenoids, phenolics, steroids, alkaloids are secondary metabolites that exhibit a broad spectrum of pharmacological activity, including antimicrobial.

Extracts of Amaryllidaceae, Asteraceae and Lamiaceae species were studied against plant pathogens: Alternaria solani, Alternaia alternate, Botrytis cinerea, Fusarium oxysporum, Fusarium solani and Neocosmospora keratoplastica.

Methanolic extracts of Artemisia santhonicum L., Origanum vulgare subsp. hirtum (Link) letsw. and Leucojum aestivum L. as well as acetone exudates of Salvia sclarea L., and Thymus pulegioides L., showed antifungal potential. These extracts were analyzed by GC/MS for the detection of bioactive compounds.

In the acetone exudates of *Thymus* pulegioides oleanolic acid was found as the main component.

In the acetone exudates of Salvia sclarea,

diterpene (sclareol) was found as the

main component.

Chlorogenic, quinic, azelaic,

protocatechuic and caffeic acids as well

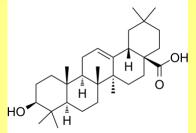
as polyols were detected in large

amounts in the extract of Artemisia

santhonicum

Carvacrol was determined as active compound in the extract of *Origanum vulgare* subsp. *hirtum*.

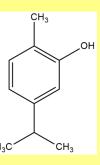




Oleanolic acid





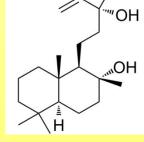


Carvacrol

**+** 

Sclareol





HO, CO<sub>2</sub>H

HO, OH

OH

Chlorogenic acid

Caffeic acid

ОН

0 0

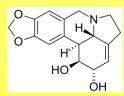
Azelaic acid

Protocatechuic acid

Alkaloid galantamine was determined as active compound of Leucojum aestivum extract

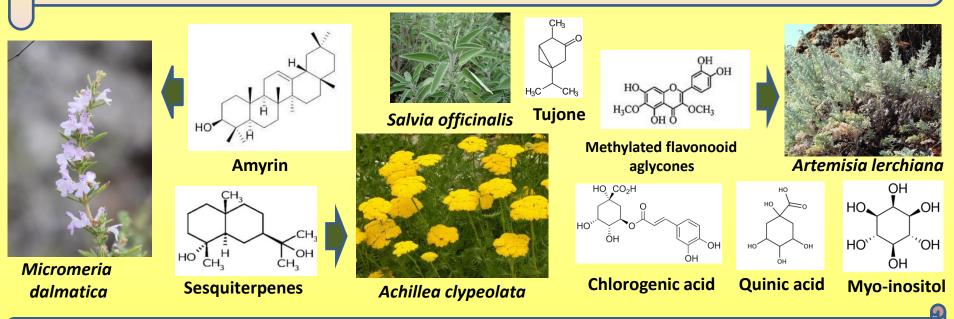


Lycorine



The studied extracts were scanned for bactericidal and bacteriostatic activity against Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Escherichia coli, Bacillus subtilis.

Significant activity were found to exhibited methanolic extracts of *Artemisia lerchiana*Weber, *Salvia officinalis* L., *Micromeria dalmatica* Benth, *Achillea clypeolata* L., *Thymus jankae* Celak., *Tanacetum parthenium* L.



The received data characterize triterpene acids, terpenes, alkaloids, flavonoids, polyols as potential compounds with antimicrobial activity.

Acknowledgements: This research was supported by the Bulgarian National Science Fund, Bulgarian Ministry of Education and Science (Grant DN 16/2, 11.12.2017).